

# NCV7684

## 12 Channels 60 mA LED Linear Current Driver I<sup>2</sup>C Controllable for Automotive Applications

The NCV7684 consists of twelve linear programmable constant current sources. The part is designed for use in the regulation and control of LED for automotive applications. The NCV7684 allows 128 different current levels adjustable with pulse width modulation (PWM) programmable via I<sup>2</sup>C serial interface. The device can be used with micro-controller applications using the I<sup>2</sup>C bus or in stand-alone applications where a choice could be done in between 2 different configuration settings. The IC also provides 3.3 V voltage reference to the application for loads up to 1 mA.

LED brightness level is easily programmed using an external resistor. Each channel has an internal circuitry to detect open-load conditions with an optional auto-recovery mode. If one driver is in open-load condition, all other channels could be turned off according to the programmable bit setting.

The device is available in small body size SSOP24-EP package.

### Features

- 12 programmable Current Sources Up to 60 mA
- Common PWM Gain Control via I<sup>2</sup>C
- On-chip 125, 250, or 500 Hz PWM
- Open LED String Diagnostic
- Low Dropout Operation for Pre-Regulator Applications
- Single Resistor for Current Set Point
- Voltage Reference 3.3 V / 1 mA
- 8 bits I<sup>2</sup>C Interface with CRC8 Error Detection
- OTP Bank for Stand-Alone Operation (2 Configurations)
- Detection and Protection Against Open Load and Under-Voltage
- Over Temperature Detection and Protection
- Low Emission with Spread Spectrum Oscillator
- AEC Q100 Qualified
- SSOP24-EP Packaging
- This is a Pb-Free Device

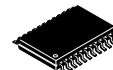
### Applications

- Dashboard Applications
- Rear Combination Lamps (RCL)
- Daytime Running Lights (DRL)
- Fog Lights
- Center High Mounted Stop Lamps (CHMSL) Arrays
- Turn Signal and other Externally Modulated Applications



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SSOP24 NB EP  
CASE 940AP

### MARKING DIAGRAM



XXXX = Specific Device Code  
A = Assembly Location  
WL = Wafer Lot  
YY = Year  
WW = Work Week  
G = Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

### ORDERING INFORMATION

| Device       | Package                | Shipping†             |
|--------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| NCV7684DQR2G | SSOP24-EP<br>(Pb-Free) | 2500 / Tape &<br>Reel |

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specification Brochure, BRD8011/D.

# NCV7684

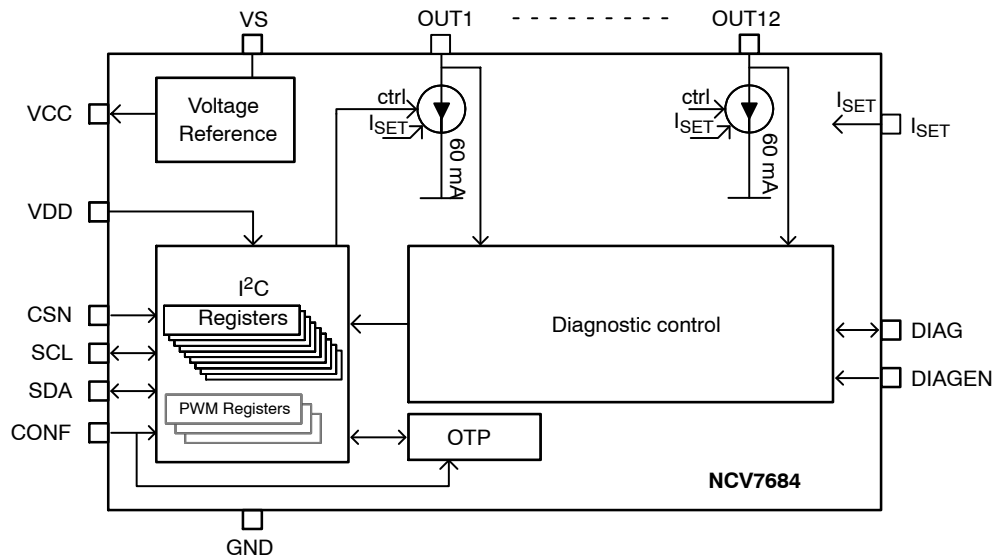


Figure 1. Block Diagram

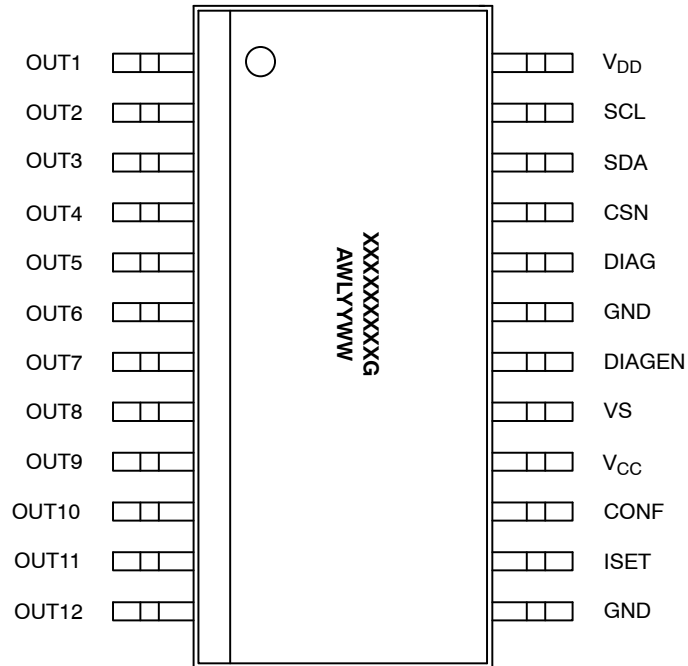


Figure 2. Pinout Diagram

# NCV7684

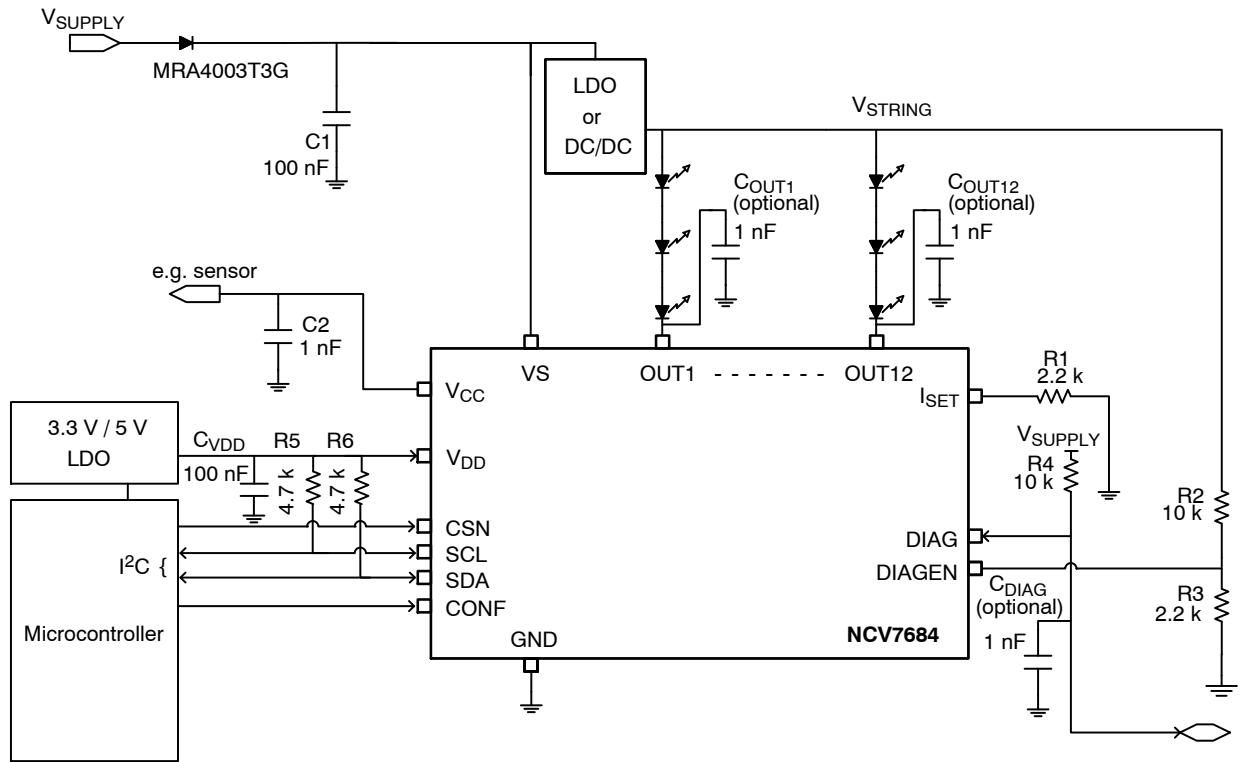


Figure 3. Application Diagram with Micro-controller (I<sup>2</sup>C Mode)

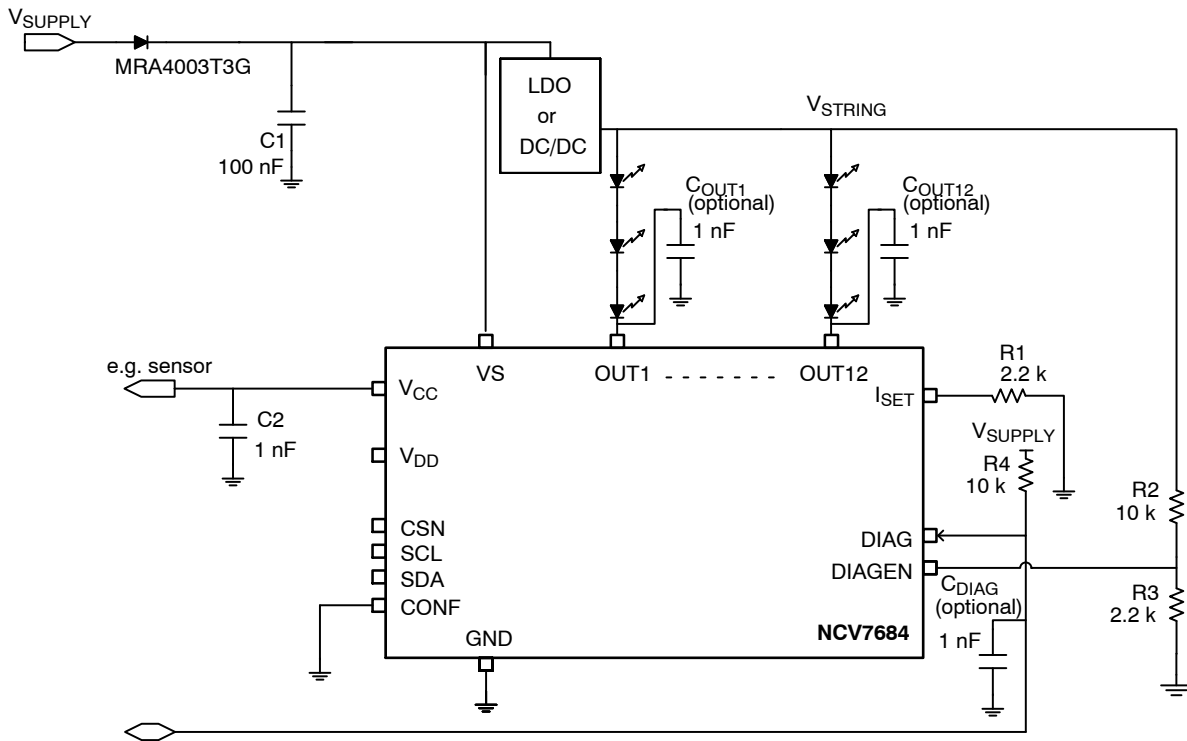


Figure 4. Application Diagram without Micro-controller (Stand Alone Mode)

Pin Function Description

Table 1. PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

| Pin # | Label           | Description                                                                                                    |
|-------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1     | OUT1            | Channel 1 Current Output to LED                                                                                |
| 2     | OUT2            | Channel 2 Current Output to LED                                                                                |
| 3     | OUT3            | Channel 3 Current Output to LED                                                                                |
| 4     | OUT4            | Channel 4 Current Output to LED                                                                                |
| 5     | OUT5            | Channel 5 Current Output to LED                                                                                |
| 6     | OUT6            | Channel 6 Current Output to LED                                                                                |
| 7     | OUT7            | Channel 7 Current Output to LED                                                                                |
| 8     | OUT8            | Channel 8 Current Output to LED                                                                                |
| 9     | OUT9            | Channel 9 Current Output to LED                                                                                |
| 10    | OUT10           | Channel 10 Current Output to LED                                                                               |
| 11    | OUT11           | Channel 11 Current Output to LED                                                                               |
| 12    | OUT12           | Channel 12 Current Output to LED                                                                               |
| 13    | GND             | Ground                                                                                                         |
| 14    | ISET            | Current Setting                                                                                                |
| 15    | CONF            | Stand Alone Mode Selection Bank                                                                                |
| 16    | V <sub>CC</sub> | 3.3 V Voltage Reference Output (Needs External Decoupling Capacitor)                                           |
| 17    | VS              | Supply Voltage Input                                                                                           |
| 18    | DIAGEN          | Diagnostic Voltage Sensing Node for V <sub>STRING</sub> Via Resistor Divider                                   |
| 19    | GND             | Ground                                                                                                         |
| 20    | DIAG            | Open-drain diagnostic input/output.<br>Reporting Open Circuit and thermal shutdown.<br>Normal Operation = HIGH |
| 21    | CSN             | End of Line Chip Select                                                                                        |
| 22    | SDA             | I <sup>2</sup> C Serial Data                                                                                   |
| 23    | SCL             | I <sup>2</sup> C Serial Clock                                                                                  |
| 24    | V <sub>DD</sub> | Digital Supply Voltage Input                                                                                   |
| epad  | epad            | True Ground<br>Do NOT Connect to PCB Traces other than GND                                                     |

Maximum Ratings

Table 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Symbol                | Parameter                                                                                         | Min          | Max      | Unit   |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------|--------|
| V <sub>MAX_VS</sub>   | Power supply voltage:<br>Continuous supply voltage<br>Transient Voltage (t < 500 ms, "load dump") | -0.3<br>-0.3 | 28<br>40 | V<br>V |
| V <sub>MAX_INx</sub>  | Input pin voltage (DIAGEN, DIAG, CONF, CSN)                                                       | -0.3         | 40       | V      |
| V <sub>MAX_OUTx</sub> | Continuous Output Pin voltage<br>Transient Voltage (t < 500 ms, "load dump")                      | -0.3<br>-0.3 | 28<br>40 | V<br>V |
| V <sub>MAX_VCC</sub>  | Stabilized output voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )                                                      | -0.3         | 3.6      | V      |
| V <sub>MAX_VDD</sub>  | Digital input supply voltage (V <sub>DD</sub> )                                                   | -0.3         | 5.5      | V      |
| V <sub>MAX_IO</sub>   | DC voltage at pins (V <sub>DD</sub> , SCL, SDA)                                                   | -0.3         | 5.5      | V      |
| V <sub>MAX_ISET</sub> | DC voltage at pin ISET                                                                            | -0.3         | 3.6      | V      |
| I <sub>MAX_GND</sub>  | Maximum Ground Current                                                                            | -            | 750      | mA     |
| T <sub>JMAX</sub>     | Junction Temperature, T <sub>J</sub>                                                              | -40          | 150      | °C     |

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the datasheet. Fault conditions are considered as outside normal operating range. Protection functions are not designed for continuous repetitive operation.

## ESD Protection and Packaging

Table 3. EDS PROTECTION (Note 1)

| Parameter                                                                                                 | Value                  | Unit                 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| ESD Voltage, HBM (Human Body Model); (100 $\mu$ F, 1500 $\Omega$ )<br>All Pins<br>Output Pins OUTx to GND | $\pm 2$<br>$\pm 4$     | kV                   |
| ESD According to CDM (Charge Device Model)<br>All Pins<br>Corner Pins                                     | $\pm 500$<br>$\pm 750$ | V                    |
| ESD According to MM (Machine Model)<br>All Pins                                                           | $\pm 150$              | V                    |
| Moisture Sensitivity (SSOP24-EP)                                                                          | MSL3                   |                      |
| Package Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient (SSOP24-EP)                                                | 37                     | $^{\circ}\text{C/W}$ |

1. This device series incorporates ESD protection and is tested by the following methods:  
 ESD HBM tested per AEC-Q100-002 (EIA/JESD22-A114)  
 ESD CDM tested per EIA/JES D22/C101, Field Induced Charge Model  
 MM according to AEC-Q100

Table 4. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(5 V < VS < 18 V, 3.15 V < V<sub>DD</sub> < 5.5 V, R1 = 1.82 k $\Omega$ , -40 $^{\circ}$ C  $\leq$  T<sub>J</sub>  $\leq$  150 $^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise specified)

| Characteristic                          | Symbol                         | Conditions                                                                   | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| <b>GENERAL</b>                          |                                |                                                                              |     |     |     |      |
| Supply Voltage                          | VS_EXT                         | Functional extended range (limited temperature)                              | 5   | –   | 28  | V    |
|                                         | VS_OP                          | Parametric operation                                                         | 5   | –   | 18  | V    |
| Supply Under-Voltage                    | VSUV                           | VS rising                                                                    | 3.8 | 4.1 | 4.4 | V    |
| Supply Under-Voltage Hysteresis         | VSUV <sub>HYS</sub>            | –                                                                            | –   | 200 | –   | mV   |
| Supply Current (Vs)                     | I <sub>S</sub><br>(error mode) | All OUTx OFF except channel in open load, VS = 12 V<br>V <sub>DD</sub> = 0 V |     |     |     |      |
|                                         |                                | I <sub>OUT_VCC</sub> = 0 mA                                                  | –   | 1.2 | 1.5 | mA   |
|                                         |                                | I <sub>OUT_VCC</sub> = 1 mA                                                  | –   | 2.2 | 2.5 | mA   |
|                                         | I <sub>S</sub><br>(active)     | Active Mode,<br>V <sub>CC</sub> unloaded,<br>VS = 16 V, R1 = 2 k $\Omega$    | –   | 7   | 10  | mA   |
| Digital Supply Current                  | I <sub>DD</sub>                | I <sup>2</sup> C mode, V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V, VS = 16 V                      |     | 1.5 | 2.0 | mA   |
| V <sub>DD</sub> Under Voltage Detection | V <sub>DDUV_R</sub>            | V <sub>DD</sub> rising                                                       |     |     | 2.9 | V    |
|                                         | V <sub>DDUV_F</sub>            | V <sub>DD</sub> falling                                                      | 2   |     |     | V    |

**Table 4. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

(5 V &lt; VS &lt; 18 V, 3.15 V &lt; VDD &lt; 5.5 V, R1 = 1.82 kΩ, -40°C ≤ TJ ≤ 150°C, unless otherwise specified)

| Characteristic                           | Symbol                 | Conditions                | Min | Typ | Max | Unit                |
|------------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-----|-----|-----|---------------------|
| <b>CURRENT SOURCE OUTPUTS</b>            |                        |                           |     |     |     |                     |
| Output Current                           | I <sub>OUTHOT</sub>    | OUTx = 1 V, TJ = 150°C    | 50  | 55  | 60  | mA                  |
|                                          | I <sub>OUTCOLD</sub>   | OUTx = 0.5 V, TJ = -40°C  | 50  | 55  | 60  | mA                  |
| Current Matching from Channel to Channel | I <sub>MATCHCOLD</sub> | TJ = -40°C (Note 1)       | -7  | 0   | 7   | %                   |
|                                          | I <sub>MATCH</sub>     | TJ = 25°C (Note 1)        | -6  | 0   | 6   | %                   |
|                                          | I <sub>MATCHHOT</sub>  | TJ = 150°C (Note 1)       | -5  | 0   | 5   | %                   |
| Current Slew Rate                        | ISRx                   | 10% to 90%                | -   | 30  | -   | mA/μs               |
| Open Circuit Detection Threshold         | OLDT                   | I <sub>OUTX</sub> > 20 mA | 30  | 50  | 70  | % of output current |
| Open Load Recovery in Auto-recovery Mode | OLR                    | -                         | 5   | 10  | 15  | mA                  |

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

1. Matching formulas:

$$\left[ \frac{2I_{OUTx(min)}}{I_{OUTx(min)} + I_{OUTx(max)}} - 1 \right] \times 100 \text{ and } \left[ \frac{2I_{OUTx(max)}}{I_{OUTx(min)} + I_{OUTx(max)}} - 1 \right] \times 100 \quad (\text{eq. 1})$$

**Table 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(5 V &lt; VS &lt; 18 V, 3.15 V &lt; VDD &lt; 5.5 V, R1 = 1.82 kΩ, -40°C ≤ TJ ≤ 150°C, unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol                   | Parameter                                            | Test Conditions                                | Min                    | Typ  | Max                   | Unit |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|
| <b>VOLTAGE REFERENCE</b> |                                                      |                                                |                        |      |                       |      |
| V <sub>VCC</sub>         | Output Voltage Tolerance                             | I <sub>VCC</sub> ≤ 1 mA                        | 3.20                   | 3.30 | 3.45                  | V    |
| I <sub>OUT_VCC</sub>     | Output Current                                       | -                                              | -                      | -    | -1                    | mA   |
| C <sub>LOAD_VCC</sub>    | Load Capacitor                                       | ESR < 200 mΩ                                   | 0.9                    | 1.0  | 2.5                   | nF   |
| <b>INPUTS: CSN, CONF</b> |                                                      |                                                |                        |      |                       |      |
| V <sub>INL</sub>         | Input Low Level                                      | -                                              | 0.7                    | 1.0  | -                     | V    |
| V <sub>INH</sub>         | Input High Level                                     | -                                              | -                      | 1.25 | 1.66                  | V    |
| V <sub>IN_HYST</sub>     | Input Hysteresis                                     | -                                              | 100                    | 250  | 400                   | mV   |
| R <sub>IN_PD</sub>       | Input Pull-down Resistor                             | 0 V < V <sub>IN</sub> < 0.8 V                  | 120                    | 200  | 280                   | kΩ   |
| <b>INPUTS: SCL, SDA</b>  |                                                      |                                                |                        |      |                       |      |
| V <sub>INL</sub>         | Input Low Level                                      | -                                              | -                      | -    | 0.3 × V <sub>DD</sub> | V    |
| V <sub>INH</sub>         | Input High Level                                     | -                                              | 0.7 × V <sub>DD</sub>  | -    | -                     | V    |
| V <sub>IN_HYST</sub>     | Input Hysteresis                                     | -                                              | 0.05 × V <sub>DD</sub> | -    | -                     | V    |
| I <sub>OUT_SDA</sub>     | Output Current                                       | V (SDA) = 0.4 V                                | 3                      | -    | -                     | mA   |
| <b>DIAGEN PIN</b>        |                                                      |                                                |                        |      |                       |      |
| V <sub>DIAGEN_TH</sub>   | VS Diagnostic Enable Threshold                       | -                                              | 1.9                    | 2.0  | 2.1                   | V    |
| R <sub>DIAGEN_PD</sub>   | Input Pull-down Resistor                             | 0 V < V <sub>DIAG</sub> < 0.9 V                | 120                    | 200  | 280                   | kΩ   |
| <b>DIAG PIN</b>          |                                                      |                                                |                        |      |                       |      |
| V <sub>OUTL</sub>        | Output Low Level                                     | Diagnostic Activated, I <sub>DIAG</sub> = 1 mA | -                      | 0.2  | 0.4                   | V    |
| DiagRes                  | Diagnostic Reset Voltage                             | -                                              | 1.65                   | 1.80 | 1.95                  | V    |
| tp <sub>_DIAG</sub>      | Filter Time to Set the DIAG Fail Pin in Failure Mode | I <sub>DIAG</sub> = 1 mA                       | -                      | 10   | 20                    | μs   |
| DIAG <sub>_leak</sub>    | DIAG Output Leakage                                  | V <sub>DIAG</sub> = 5 V                        | -                      | -    | 10                    | μA   |

**Table 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

(5 V < VS < 18 V, 3.15 V < VDD < 5.5 V, R1 = 1.82 kΩ, -40°C ≤ TJ ≤ 150°C, unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol                                          | Parameter                                        | Test Conditions                    | Min  | Typ  | Max  | Unit |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| <b>ISET INPUT PIN</b>                           |                                                  |                                    |      |      |      |      |
| VISET                                           | Global Current Setting                           | –                                  | 0.94 | 1.00 | 1.06 | V    |
| K                                               | IOOUT ISET Factor                                | –                                  | –    | 100  | –    | –    |
| tsetupISET                                      | Setup-up Time to 90% of the ISET Regulated Value | VS > 5 V                           | –    | –    | 50   | μs   |
| <b>INTERNAL PWM CONTROL UNIT (OUT1 – OUT12)</b> |                                                  |                                    |      |      |      |      |
| PWM1                                            | PWM1 Frequency, I <sup>2</sup> C Mode            | Configuration Via I <sup>2</sup> C | 220  | 250  | 280  | Hz   |
| PWM2                                            | PWM2 Frequency, I <sup>2</sup> C Mode            | Configuration Via I <sup>2</sup> C | 110  | 125  | 140  | Hz   |
| PWM3                                            | PWM3 Frequency, I <sup>2</sup> C Mode            | Configuration Via I <sup>2</sup> C | 440  | 500  | 560  | Hz   |

**Table 6. THERMAL WARNING AND THERMAL SHUTDOWN PROTECTION**

| Characteristic | Symbol                                                             | Min | Typ      | Max | Unit |
|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|----------|-----|------|
| TJWAR_ON       | Thermal Warning Threshold (Junction Temperature)                   | –   | TSD – 30 | –   | °C   |
| TSD            | Thermal Shutdown Threshold (Junction Temperature)<br>TJ Increasing | 160 | –        | 180 | °C   |
| TJSD_HYS       | Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis                                        | 10  | –        | 15  | °C   |

## General

The NCV7684 is a twelve channel LED driver. Each output can drive currents up to 60 mA/channel and are programmable via an external resistor. The target applications for the device are in automotive rear lighting systems and dashboard applications. The device can be used with micro-controller applications using the I<sup>2</sup>C bus or in stand-alone applications. In both cases it is mandatory to supply the LED channels by an external ballast transistor, or by an LDO or a DC/DC. In order to have very low electromagnetic emission, this device has an embedded spread spectrum oscillator.

## Output Current Programming (I<sub>SET</sub>/OUTx)

The maximum current can be defined with the Iset input pin. The equations below can be used to calculate this maximum output current:

$$I_{set} = 1 \text{ V} / R1 \quad (\text{eq. 2})$$

$$I_{OUTx} = K \times I_{set} \quad (\text{eq. 3})$$

## Example:

$$R1 = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$\text{using eq. 2} \rightarrow I_{SET} = 500 \mu\text{A}$$

$$\text{and using eq. 3} \rightarrow I_{OUTx} = 50 \text{ mA}$$

To avoid potential disturbances when all drivers are activated at the same time, a typical activation delay of 400 ns between groups of 2 consecutive outputs is implemented (see Figure 5).

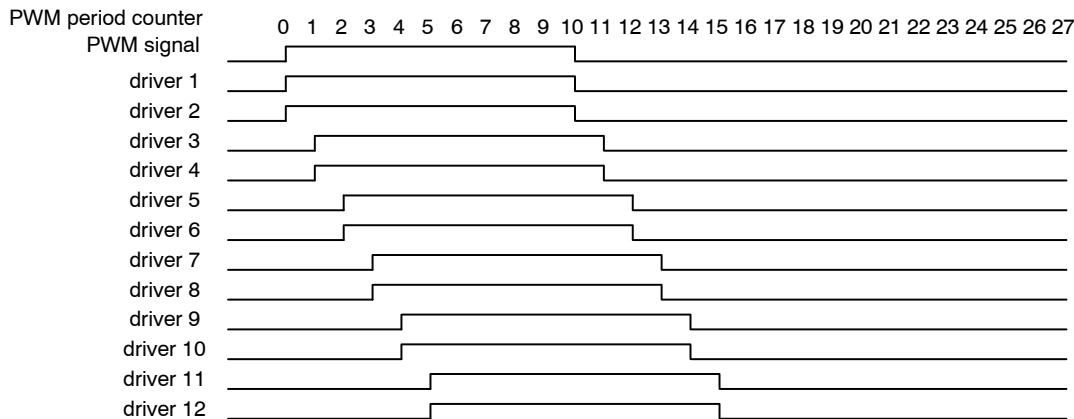


Figure 5.

## Power Supply and Voltage Reference (VS, V<sub>CC</sub>, V<sub>DD</sub>)

VS is the analog power supply input of the device. VS supply is monitored with respect to the crossing of VSUV level (typ. 4.1 V). When VS rises above VSUV, the device starts the power-up state. When VS is above the VS\_OP minimum level (typ. 5 V), the device can work properly.

V<sub>CC</sub> is a voltage reference providing 3.3 V derived from the VS main supply. It is able to deliver up to 1 mA and is primarily intended to supply 3.3 V loads.

V<sub>DD</sub> is the digital power supply input of the device.

## Ground Connections (GND: Pin 13 and Pin 19)

The device ground connection is split to two pins called GND. Both pins have to be connected on the application PCB.

## Chip Select (CSN)

The device can be programmable using the I<sup>2</sup>C bus in End Of Line cases. When the CSN pin has a voltage above 1.66 V, the device will be set in zapping control mode via the I<sup>2</sup>C

bus. When CSN will be connected to ground or below 0.7 V, the device will be in a mode where zapping is not possible. Zapping is only possible with VS above 13 V.

## Configuration (CONF)

When the CONF input voltage will be below 0.7 V the configuration 1 will be selected (One Time Programmable OTP 1 register called SAM\_CONF\_1) and when the CONF input voltage will be above 1.66 V the configuration 2 will be selected (OTP 2 register called SAM\_CONF\_2). There is ability to change the configuration in error mode (either with CONF in SAM or through I<sup>2</sup>C in I2C mode).

## I<sup>2</sup>C Bus (SCL, SDA)

The I<sup>2</sup>C bus consists of two wires, Serial Data (SDA) and Serial Clock (SCL), carrying information between the devices connected on the bus. Each device connected to the bus is recognized by a unique address and operates as either a transmitter or receiver, depending on the function of the device. The NCV7684 can both receive and transmit data

with CRC8 error detection algorithm. The NCV7684 is a slave device.

SDA is a bi-directional line connected to a positive supply voltage via an external pull-up resistor. When the bus is free both lines are HIGH. The output stages of the devices connected to the bus must have an open drain to perform the wired-AND function. Data on the I<sup>2</sup>C bus can be transferred up to 400 kb/s.

### **Diagnostic Enabling (DIAGEN)**

The device is capable to detect for each independent channel an open load condition. Versus the number of LEDs and the V<sub>STRING</sub> voltage supply, a wrong open load condition can be detected if the fault detection is activated when there is not enough voltage across the LEDs. This threshold can be programmable thanks to an external divider connected to the DIAGEN pin. When the divided voltage is below a typical value of 2 V, the LED diagnostic is disabled. When the divided voltage is above the typical value of 2 V, the LED diagnostic is enabled.

### **Diagnostic Feedback (DIAG)**

The DIAG is an open drain output pin who can alert a microcontroller as soon as one of the outputs is in error mode (DIAG Low = open load or thermal shut-down or Iset shorted). Forcing the DIAG pin below 1.8 V will force a fault condition if the DIAGEN input pin is above a typical value of 2 V. If the DIAGEN input pin is below the typical value of 2 V then forcing the DIAG input pin will not have any effect.

### **Parallel Outputs (OUTx)**

The maximum rating per output is 60 mA. In order to increase system level LED string current, parallel combinations of any number of outputs is allowed. Combining all 12 outputs will allow for a maximum system level string current design of 720 mA.

## DIGITAL PART AND I<sup>2</sup>C REGISTERS

The I<sup>2</sup>C bus consists of two wires, serial data (SDA) and serial clock (SCL), carrying information between the devices connected on the bus. Each device connected to the bus is recognized by a unique address. The NCV7684 can both receive and transmit data with CRC8 error detection

algorithm. The NCV7684 is a slave device only. Generation of the signals on the I<sup>2</sup>C bus is always the responsibility of the master device.

They are multiple kinds of message structure possible versus ID code received.

**Table 7. IDENTIFIER ADDRESSING (ID) MESSAGE**

| Name        | ID | Access type | Name of Register Addressed                                |
|-------------|----|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ID_I2C_CONF | 00 | W           | I2C_CONF                                                  |
| ID_PWM      | 01 | W           | PWM_GAIN, PWM_GAIN_EN                                     |
| ID_WRITEALL | 02 | W           | I2C_CONF, PWM_GAIN, PWM_GAIN_EN                           |
| ID_PWM_CONF | 03 | W           | PWM_CONF                                                  |
| ID_STATUS   | 08 | R           | I2C_STATUS                                                |
| ID_FAULT    | 09 | R           | FAULT_STATUS                                              |
| ID_READALL  | 0A | R           | I2C_CH_STATUS, I2C_STATUS, FAULT_STATUS                   |
| ID_SET_OTP  | 20 | W           | SAM_CONF_1, SAM_CONF_2, ADD_SAM_SET                       |
| ID_LOCK_OTP | 21 | W           | SAM_CONF_1, SAM_CONF_2, ADD_SAM_SET                       |
| ID_READ_OTP | 28 | R           | ID_VERS_1, ID_VERS_2, SAM_CONF_1, SAM_CONF_2, ADD_SAM_SET |

There are 3 kinds of registers, Hard Coding, OTP and volatile registers.

### Hard Coding Registers:

ID\_VERS\_1  
ID\_VERS\_2

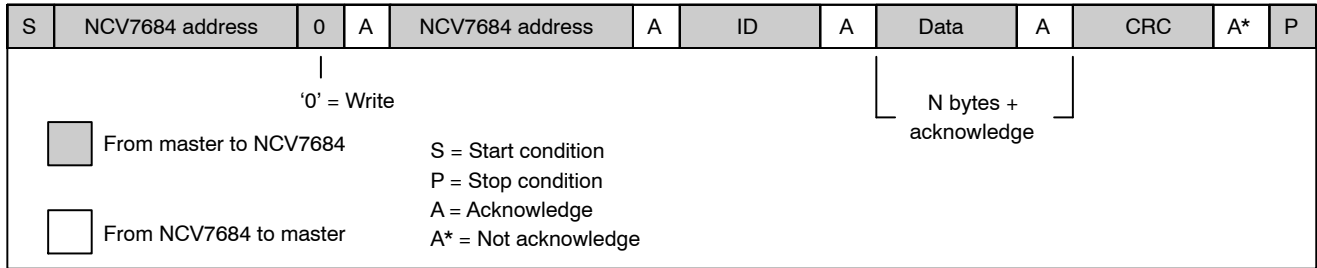
### OTP Registers:

ADD\_SAM\_SET  
SAM\_CONF\_1  
SAM\_CONF\_2

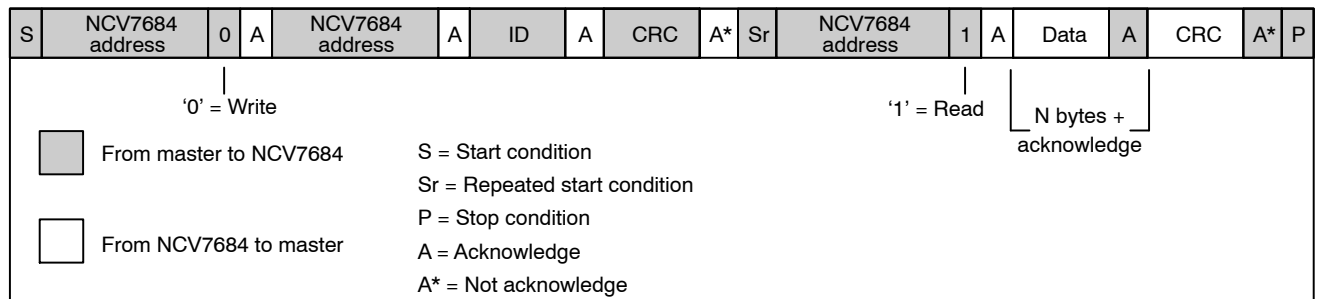
### Volatile Registers:

I2C\_CONF  
I2C\_STATUS  
I2C\_CH\_STATUS  
FAULT\_STATUS  
PWM\_GAIN  
PWM\_GAIN\_EN  
PWM\_CONF

### Format of the I2C frames



**Figure 6. Format of I<sup>2</sup>C Write Access Frames**



**Figure 7. Format of I<sup>2</sup>C Read Access Frames**

*Remark:* CRC byte is not transmitted when CRC protection is turned off (ERREN = 0)

|   |                 |   |                 |             |                |                   |                  |                   |                     |                    |            |                    |                   |     |   |
|---|-----------------|---|-----------------|-------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----|---|
| S | NCV7684 Address | 0 | NCV7684 Address | ID_I2C_CONF | I2C_CONF[15:8] | I2C_CONF[7:0]     | CRC              | P                 |                     |                    |            |                    |                   |     |   |
| S | NCV7684 Address | 0 | NCV7684 Address | ID_PWM      | PWM_GAIN       | PWM_GAIN_EN[15:8] | PWM_GAIN_EN[7:0] | CRC               | P                   |                    |            |                    |                   |     |   |
| S | NCV7684 Address | 0 | NCV7684 Address | ID_WRITEALL | I2C_CONF[15:8] | I2C_CONF[7:0]     | PWM_GAIN         | PWM_GAIN_EN[15:8] | PWM_GAIN_EN[7:0]    | CRC                | P          |                    |                   |     |   |
| S | NCV7684 Address | 0 | NCV7684 Address | ID_PWM_CONF | PWM_CONF       | CRC               | P                |                   |                     |                    |            |                    |                   |     |   |
| S | NCV7684 Address | 0 | NCV7684 Address | ID_STATUS   | CRC            | Sr                | NCV7684 Address  | 1                 | I2C_STATUS          | CRC                | P          |                    |                   |     |   |
| S | NCV7684 Address | 0 | NCV7684 Address | ID_FAULT    | CRC            | Sr                | NCV7684 Address  | 1                 | FAULT_STATUS[15:8]  | FAULT_STATUS[7:0]  | CRC        | P                  |                   |     |   |
| S | NCV7684 Address | 0 | NCV7684 Address | ID_READALL  | CRC            | Sr                | NCV7684 Address  | 1                 | I2C_CH_STATUS[15:8] | I2C_CH_STATUS[7:0] | I2C_STATUS | FAULT_STATUS[15:8] | FAULT_STATUS[7:0] | CRC | P |

☐ From master to NCV7684  
 Acknowledges are omitted  
 S = Start condition  
 Sr = Repeated start condition  
 P = Stop condition  
☐ From NCV7684 to master

Figure 8. Format of I<sup>2</sup>C Frames

|   |                 |   |                 |             |                  |                 |                  |                 |             |           |                  |                 |                  |                 |             |     |   |
|---|-----------------|---|-----------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----|---|
| S | NCV7684 Address | 0 | NCV7684 Address | ID_SET_OTP  | SAM_CONF_1[15:8] | SAM_CONF_1[7:0] | SAM_CONF_2[15:8] | SAM_CONF_2[7:0] | ADD_SAM_SET | CRC       | P                |                 |                  |                 |             |     |   |
| S | NCV7684 Address | 0 | NCV7684 Address | ID_LOCK_OTP | SAM_CONF_1[15:8] | SAM_CONF_1[7:0] | SAM_CONF_2[15:8] | SAM_CONF_2[7:0] | ADD_SAM_SET | CRC       | P                |                 |                  |                 |             |     |   |
| S | NCV7684 Address | 0 | NCV7684 Address | ID_READ_OTP | CRC              | Sr              | NCV7684          | 1               | ID_VERS_1   | ID_VERS_2 | SAM_CONF_1[15:8] | SAM_CONF_1[7:0] | SAM_CONF_2[15:8] | SAM_CONF_2[7:0] | ADD_SAM_SET | CRC | P |

☐ From master to NCV7684  
 Acknowledges are omitted  
 S = Start condition  
 Sr = Repeated start condition  
 P = Stop condition  
☐ From NCV7684 to master

Figure 9. Format of I<sup>2</sup>C OTP Frames

Note: Not to scale.

## NCV7684

There is a safety mechanism implemented by repeating the address. Since the I<sup>2</sup>C address is 7 bits long, first bit of

the second address byte starts with a “0” in the repeated byte (see tables below).

**Table 8.**

| 1 <sup>st</sup> Byte            |   |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|---------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---------|
| 7                               | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0       |
| I <sup>2</sup> C Device Address |   |   |   |   |   |   | R/W Bit |
| 2 <sup>nd</sup> Byte            |   |   |   |   |   |   |         |
| 7                               | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0       |
| I <sup>2</sup> C Device Address |   |   |   |   |   |   | 0       |

## HARD CODING REGISTERS

**Table 9. HARD CODING REGISTERS**

| Bit | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|

### ID\_VERS\_1

| Bit name    | ID1[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|-------------|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Access type | R        | R | R | R | R | R | R | R |
| Reset value | 0        | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

### ID\_VERS\_2

| Bit name    | ID2[7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|-------------|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Access type | R        | R | R | R | R | R | R | R |
| Reset value | 0        | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

1. ID1[7:0] = 43h (ON Semi Device Identifier)  
ID2[7:0] = 02h (The Actual Version)

## OTP REGISTERS

Table 10. ADD\_SAM\_SET

| Bit         | D7    | D6      | D5    | D4       | D3  | D2  | D1  | D0  |
|-------------|-------|---------|-------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Bit name    | AUTOR | DETONLY | ERREN | ADD[4:0] |     |     |     |     |
| Access type | R/W   | R/W     | R/W   | R/W      | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W |
| Reset value | 0     | 1       | 0     | 0        | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |

ADD[4:0] are the programmable BUS address registers (in I2C mode ADD[6:5] = 11).

**AUTOR:** When AUTOR = 1 (and DIAGEN is high), open load diagnosis is performed. When a fault is detected, the DIAG pin is set and LED driver imposes a low current on the faulty branch alone, switching off the others. When fault is recovered, LED driver returns to normal operation after resetting the DIAG pin. If the DIAG pin is triggered externally, LED driver outputs are switched off and the low power mode is entered.

**DETONLY:** When DETONLY = 1, open load diagnostic is performed. When a fault is detected, the DIAG pin is set without taking any action on the current regulation. When fault is recovered, DIAG is reset. If the DIAG pin is triggered externally, no action is taken.

When **AUTOR** = **DETONLY** = 0, no diagnostic performed

When **AUTOR** = **DETONLY** = 1, no change (same as previously setting).

**ERREN:** When ERREN = 1, CRC error detection algorithm is activated for I<sup>2</sup>C communication.

Table 11. SAM\_CONF

| Bit | D15 | D14 | D13 | D12 | D11 | D10 | D9 | D8 | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|

## SAM\_CONF\_1

| Bit name    | – | – | – | – | SAM1conf[11:0] |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Access type | R | R | R | R | R/W            | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W |
| Reset value | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1              | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   |

## SAM\_CONF\_2

| Bit name    | – | – | – | – | SAM2conf[11:0] |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Access type | R | R | R | R | R/W            | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W |
| Reset value | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1              | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   |

1. SAM1conf[x] = 0 means channel is OFF and SAM1conf[x] = 1 means channel is ON  
 SAM2conf[x] = 0 means channel is OFF and SAM2conf[x] = 1 means channel is ON

## VOLATILE REGISTERS

Table 12. I2C\_CONF

| Bit         | D15     | D14      | D13      | D12   | D11           | D10 | D9 | D8 | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|-------|---------------|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Bit name    | I2CFLAG | I2CautoR | I2CdOnly | PWMEN | I2Cconf[11:0] |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Access type | W       | W        | W        | W     | W             | W   | W  | W  | W  | W  | W  | W  | W  | W  | W  | W  |
| Reset value | 0       | 0        | 0        | 0     | 0             | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |

**I2CFLAG:** the I2CFLAG should be reset whenever standalone mode is entered. When I2CFLAG = 1 and when V<sub>DD</sub> is high, the I2C mode is activated, in all other conditions the device is in Stand Alone Mode.

**I2CautoR:** When I2CautoR = 1 (and DIAGEN is high), open load diagnosis is performed. When a fault is detected, the DIAG pin is set and LED driver imposes a low current on the faulty branch alone, switching off the others. When fault is recovered, LED driver returns to normal operation after resetting the DIAG pin. If the DIAG pin is triggered externally, LED driver outputs are switched off and the low power mode is entered.

**I2CdOnly:** When I2CdOnly = 1, open load diagnostic is performed. When a fault is detected, the DIAG pin is set

without taking any action on the current regulation. When fault is recovered, DIAG is reset. If the DIAG pin is triggered externally, no action is taken.

When I2CautoR = I2CdOnly = 0, no diagnostic performed.

When I2CautoR = I2CdOnly = 1, no change (same as previously setting).

**PWMEN:** When PWMEN = 1, PWM is activated, when PWMEN = 0 the content of the complete register PWM\_GAIN\_EN is not reset and PWM is disabled.

I2Cconf[x] = 0 means channel is OFF and I2Cconf[x] = 1 means channel is ON.

Table 13. I2C STATUS

| Bit         | D7      | D6     | D5 | D4        | D3 | D2  | D1      | D0 |
|-------------|---------|--------|----|-----------|----|-----|---------|----|
| Bit name    | SC_Iset | I2Cerr | UV | diagRange | TW | TSD | DIAGERR | OL |
| Access type | R       | R      | R  | R         | R  | R   | R       | R  |
| Reset value | 0       | 0      | 0  | 0         | 0  | 0   | 0       | 0  |

**SC\_Iset:** SC\_Iset = 1 means there is short-circuit on the external resistor on Iset pin and drivers are switched OFF and DIAG pin is set. SC\_Iset = 0 no short-circuit.

**I2Cerr:** I2Cerr = 1 means an error has been detected during the I2C communication, I2Cerr = 0 means no error during I2C communication has been detected.

**UV:** the device is in under voltage condition (VS is below VSUV threshold, all channels OFF).

**diagRange:** when diagRange = 1 the divided voltage is above the typical value of 2 V (LED diagnostic is enabled), diagRange = 0 means the divided voltage is below the typical value of 2 V (LED diagnostic is disabled).

**TW:** when TW=1 the device is in the thermal warning range (typ. 140°C), this flag is just a warning no action is foreseen on the output drivers. TW = 0 means the device is below the thermal warning range.

**TSD:** when TSD = 1 the device is in the Thermal shutdown range, TSD = 0 means the device is below the thermal shutdown range.

**DIAGERR:** DIAGERR = 1 means an error is detected by DIAG pin forced externally.

**OL:** OL = 1 means at least one channel is in Open Load condition, OL = 0 no Open Load.

Table 14.

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SC_ISET   | Set when a short-circuit on the external resistor on Iset pin, latched if permanent after 10 $\mu$ s.<br>Reset in case of short-circuit disappear permanently for at least 10 $\mu$ s            |
| I2CERR    | Set if an error has been detected during the I2C communication.<br>Reset on register reading                                                                                                     |
| UV        | Set when device is in under voltage condition (VS is low, all channels OFF)                                                                                                                      |
| diagRange | Set when divided voltage is above the V <sub>DIAGEN</sub> TH threshold.<br>Reset when the divided voltage is below the V <sub>DIAGEN</sub> TH threshold                                          |
| TW        | Set when junction temperature is above the T <sub>JWAR_ON</sub> threshold.<br>Reset on register reading and if temperature is below the (T <sub>JWAR_ON</sub> - T <sub>JSD_HYS</sub> ) threshold |
| TSD       | Set when junction temperature is above the TSD threshold.<br>Reset on register reading and if temperature is below the TSD - T <sub>JSD_HYS</sub> threshold                                      |

**Table 14.** (continued)

|         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DIAGERR | Set by DIAG pin forced low externally, latched if permanent after 10 $\mu$ s.<br>Reset in case DIAG pin is not forced permanently for at least 10 $\mu$ s                                                                          |
| OL      | Set in Open Load condition and DIAGEN is high, latched if permanent after 10 $\mu$ s.<br>Reset if Open Load disappear permanently for at least 10 $\mu$ s.<br>Fault information is maintained on falling DIAGEN threshold exceeded |

**Table 15. I2C\_CH\_STATUS**

| Bit         | D15     | D14      | D13      | D12   | D11                 | D10 | D9 | D8 | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|-------|---------------------|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Bit name    | I2CFLAG | I2CautoR | I2CdOnly | PWMEN | I2C_CH_STATUS[11:0] |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Access type | R       | R        | R        | R     | R                   | R   | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  |
| Reset value | 0       | 0        | 0        | 0     | 0                   | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |

*I2CFLAG*: same as I2C\_CONF register.

*I2CautoR*: same as I2C\_CONF register.

*I2CdOnly*: same as I2C\_CONF register.

*PWMEN*: same as I2C\_CONF register.

*I2C\_CH\_STATUS[11:0]*: same as I2C\_CONF[11:0] bits in I2C mode or same as SAM\_CONF\_1[11:0], SAM\_CONF\_2[11:0] bits in Standalone mode.

*Remark*: When NCV7684 is configured in I2C mode and output channel OUTx is configured to operate in PWM mode, I2C\_CH\_STATUS[x] shall contain value '1'.

**Table 16. FAULT\_STATUS**

| Bit         | D15 | D14 | D13 | D12 | D11         | D10 | D9 | D8 | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Bit name    | -   | -   | -   | -   | FAULT[11:0] |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Access type | R   | R   | R   | R   | R           | R   | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  | R  |
| Reset value | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0           | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |

*FAULT[11:0]*: when FAULT[x] = 1 the OUTx channel is in fault mode (Open Load latched when the duration is longer than 10  $\mu$ s), when FAULT[x] = 0 the OUTx channel

is working properly. The register is reset on each read operation.

**Table 17. PWM\_GAIN**

| Bit         | D7    | D6           | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
|-------------|-------|--------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Bit Name    | PWMF1 | PWMGAIN[6:0] |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Access type | W     | W            | W  | W  | W  | W  | W  | W  |
| Reset Value | 0     | 0            | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |

*PWMGAIN[6:0]*: logarithmic (or linear) dimming via embedded PWM generator (128 steps). Following formula applies when logarithmic dimming is selected:  $\text{Duty\_Cycle\_Percent} = 100 \times \alpha^{(N-i)}$  where  $\alpha = 0.9471$ ,  $N = 127$  and  $i = \text{PWMGAIN}[6:0]$  rounded with an accuracy of 400 ns.

*PWMF1*: when PWMF1 = 1, PWM dimming is done at a typical frequency of 250 Hz, when PWMF1 = 0 means PWM dimming is done at a typical frequency of 125 Hz (when PWMF2 = 0).

Table 18. PWM\_GAIN\_EN

| Bit         | D15 | D14 | D13 | D12 | D11             | D10 | D9 | D8 | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------------|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Bit name    | –   | –   | –   | –   | PWMGAINen[11:0] |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Access type | –   | –   | –   | –   | W               | W   | W  | W  | W  | W  | W  | W  | W  | W  | W  | W  |
| Reset value | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0               | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |

*PWMGAINen[11:0]* : when *PWMGAINen[x]* = 1, PWM dimming is enabled for OUTx channel, when *PWMGAINen[x]* = 0 means PWM dimming is disabled for OUTx channel.

Table 19. PWM\_CONF

| Bit         | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1     | D0    |
|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|--------|-------|
| Bit name    | –  | –  | –  | –  | –  | –  | PWMLIN | PWMF2 |
| Access type | W  | W  | W  | W  | W  | W  | W      | W     |
| Reset value | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0      | 0     |

*PWMLIN* bit shall select between logarithmic (*PWMLIN* = 0) and linear (*PWMLIN* = 1) translation of *PWMGAIN* bits to duty cycle of internal PWM signal.

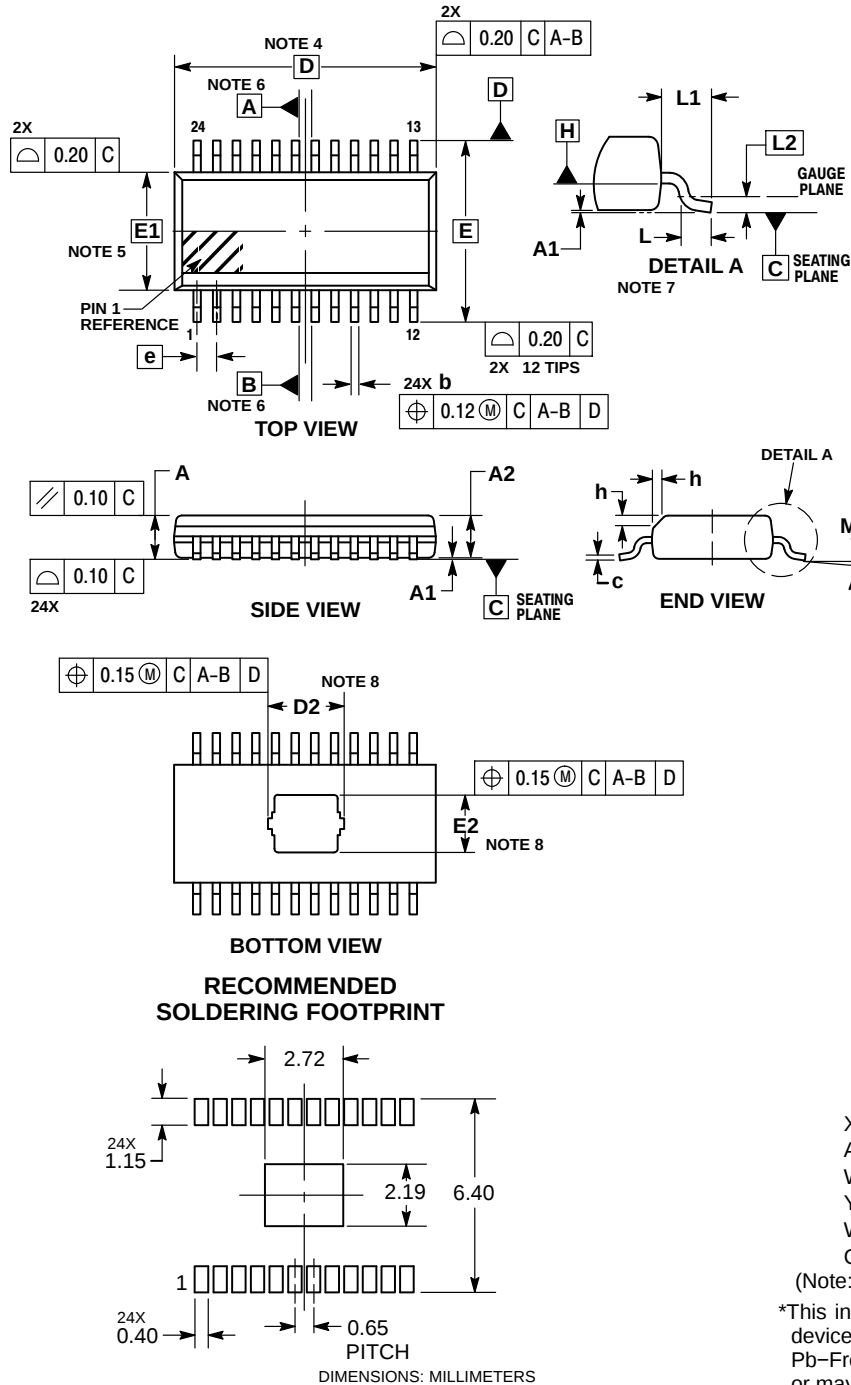
*PWMF2*: when *PWMF2* = 1, PWM dimming is done at a typical frequency of 500 Hz, when *PWMF2* = 0, *PWMF1* setting applies.



SCALE 1:1

SSOP24 NB EP  
CASE 940AP  
ISSUE O

DATE 05 MAR 2015



GENERIC  
MARKING DIAGRAM\*



XXXX = Specific Device Code  
A = Assembly Location  
WL = Wafer Lot  
YY = Year  
WW = Work Week  
G = Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

\*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "•", may or may not be present. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.

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