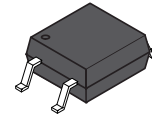


4-Pin Full Pitch Mini-Flat Package Zero-Cross Triac Driver Output Optocouplers

FODM3063, FODM3083


MFP4 3.85X4.4, 2.54P
CASE 100AP

Description

The FODM3063 and FODM3083 series consist of an infrared emitting diode optically coupled to a monolithic silicon detector performing the function of a zero voltage crossing bilateral triac driver, and is housed in a compact 4-pin mini-flat package. The lead pitch is 2.54 mm. They are designed for use with a triac in the interface of logic systems to equipment powered from 115/240 VAC lines, such as solid state relays, industrial controls, motors, solenoids and consumer appliances.

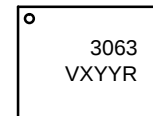
Features

- Critical Rate of Rise of Off-Stage Voltage
 - ◆ dv/dt of 600 V/ μ s Guaranteed
- Zero Voltage Crossing
- Peak Blocking Voltage
 - ◆ 600 V (FODM3063)
 - ◆ 800 V (FODM3083)
- Compact 4-Pin Surface Mount Package
 - ◆ 2.4 mm Maximum Standoff Height
- Safety Regulatory Approvals:
 - ◆ UL1577, 3,750 VAC_{RMS} for 1 Minute
 - ◆ DIN-EN/IEC60747-5-5, 565 V Peak Working Insulation Voltage
- These are Pb-Free Devices

Applications

- Solenoid/Valve Controls
- Lighting Controls
- Static Power Switches
- AC Motor Drives
- Temperature Controls
- E.M. Contactors
- AC Motor Starters
- Solid State Relays

MARKING DIAGRAM



3063 = Device Number

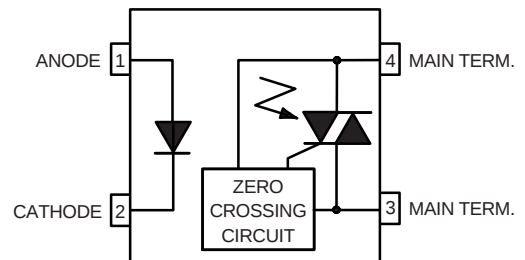
V = DIN EN/IEC60747-5-5 Option (Only Appears on Component Ordered with this Option)

X = One-Digit Year Code, e.g., "6"

YY = Digit Work Week, Ranging from "01" to "53"

R = Assembly Package Code

FUNCTIONAL SCHEMATIC



ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 9 of this data sheet.

FODM3063, FODM3083

SAFETY AND INSULATION RATINGS (As per DIN EN/IEC 60747-5-5, this optocoupler is suitable for “safe electrical insulation” only within the safety limit data. Compliance with the safety ratings shall be ensured by means of protective circuits.)

Parameter		Characteristics
Installation Classifications per DIN VDE 0110/1.89 Table 1, For Rated Mains Voltage	< 150 V _{RMS}	I–IV
	< 300 V _{RMS}	I–III
Climatic Classification		40/100/21
Pollution Degree (DIN VDE 0110/1.89)		2
Comparative Tracking Index		175

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{PR}	Input-to-Output Test Voltage, Method A, V _{IORM} × 1.6 = V _{PR} , Type and Sample Test with t _m = 10 s, Partial Discharge < 5 pC	904	V _{peak}
	Input-to-Output Test Voltage, Method B, V _{IORM} × 1.875 = V _{PR} , 100% Production Test with t _m = 1 s, Partial Discharge < 5 pC	1060	V _{peak}
V _{IORM}	Maximum Working Insulation Voltage	565	V _{peak}
V _{IOTM}	Highest Allowable Over-Voltage	6000	V _{peak}
	External Creepage	≥5	mm
	External Clearance	≥5	mm
DTI	Distance Through Insulation (Insulation Thickness)	≥0.4	mm
T _S	Case Temperature (Note 1)	150	°C
I _{S,INPUT}	Input Current (Note 1)	200	mA
P _{S,OUTPUT}	Output Power (Note 1)	300	mW
R _{IO}	Insulation Resistance at T _S , V _{IO} = 500 V (Note 1)	>10 ⁹	Ω

1. Safety limit values – maximum values allowed in the event of a failure.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	–55 to +150	°C
T _{OPR}	Operating Temperature	–40 to +100	°C
T _J	Junction Temperature	–40 to +125	°C
T _{SOL}	Lead Solder Temperature	260 for 10 s	°C

EMITTER

I _F (avg)	Continuous Forward Current	60	mA
I _F (pk)	Peak Forward Current (1 μs Pulse, 300 pps.)	1	A
V _R	Reverse Input Voltage	6	V
P _{D(EMITTER)}	Power Dissipation (No Derating Required over Operating Temp. Range)	100	mW

DETECTOR

I _{TSM}	Peak Non-Repetitive Surge Current (Single Cycle 60 Hz Sine Wave)		1	A _(PEAK)
I _{T(RMS)}	On-State RMS Current		70	mA _(RMS)
V _{DRM}	Off-State Output Terminal Voltage	FODM3063	600	V
		FODM3083	800	V
P _{D(DETECTOR)}	Power Dissipation (No Derating Required over Operating Temp. Range)		300	mW

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

FODM3063, FODM3083

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
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INDIVIDUAL COMPONENT CHARACTERISTICS

EMITTER						
V_F	Input Forward Voltage	$I_F = 30\text{ mA}$	–	–	1.50	V
I_R	Reverse Leakage Current	$V_R = 6\text{ V}$	–	–	100	μA
DETECTOR						
I_{DRM}	Peak Blocking Current Either Direction	Rated V_{DRM} , $I_F = 0$ (Note 2)	–	–	500	nA
dv/dt	Critical Rate of Rise of Off-State Voltage	$I_F = 0$ (Note 3)	600	–	–	V/ μs

TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

I_{FT}	LED Trigger Current	Main Terminal Voltage = 3 V (Note 4)	–	–	5	mA
I_H	Holding Current, Either Direction		–	300	–	μA
V_{TM}	Peak On-State Voltage, Either Direction	$I_F = \text{Rated } I_{\text{FT}}$, $I_{\text{TM}} = 100\text{ mA peak}$	–	–	3	V

ZERO CROSSING CHARACTERISTICS

V_{IH}	Inhibit Voltage, MT1–MT2 Voltage above which Device will not Trigger	$I_{\text{FT}} = \text{Rated } I_{\text{FT}}$	–	–	20	V
I_{DRM2}	Leakage in Inhibit State	$I_{\text{FT}} = \text{Rated } I_{\text{FT}}$, Rated V_{DRM} , Off-State	–	–	2	mA

ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS

V_{ISO}	Steady State Isolation Voltage (Note 5)	1 Minute, R.H. = 40% to 60%	3,750	–	–	V_{ACRMS}
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Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

2. Test voltage must be applied within dv/dt rating.
3. This is static dv/dt . Commutating dv/dt is function of the load-driving thyristor(s) only.
4. All devices are guaranteed to trigger at an I_F value less than or equal to max I_{FT} . Therefore, recommended operating I_F lies between max I_{FT} (5 mA) and absolute max I_F (60 mA).
5. Steady state isolation voltage, V_{ISO} , is an internal device dielectric breakdown rating. For this test, pins 1 & 2 are common, and pins 3 & 4 are common.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

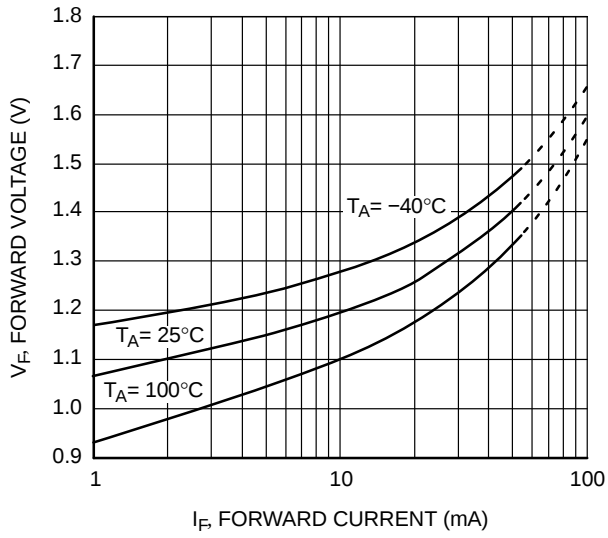


Figure 1. LED Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current

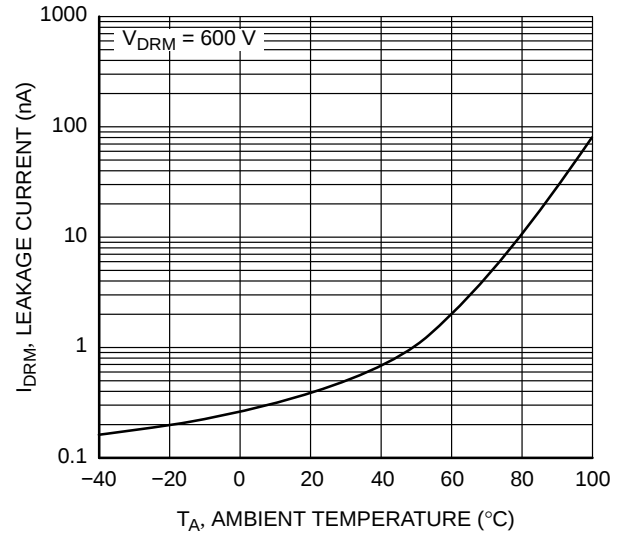


Figure 2. Leakage Current vs. Ambient Temperature

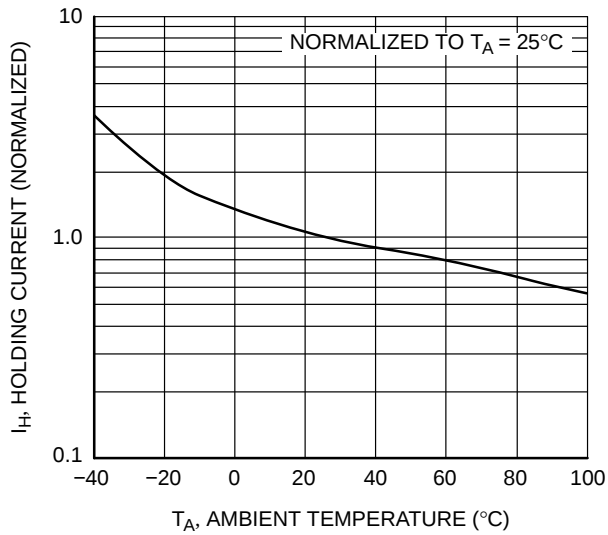


Figure 3. Holding Current vs. Ambient Temperature

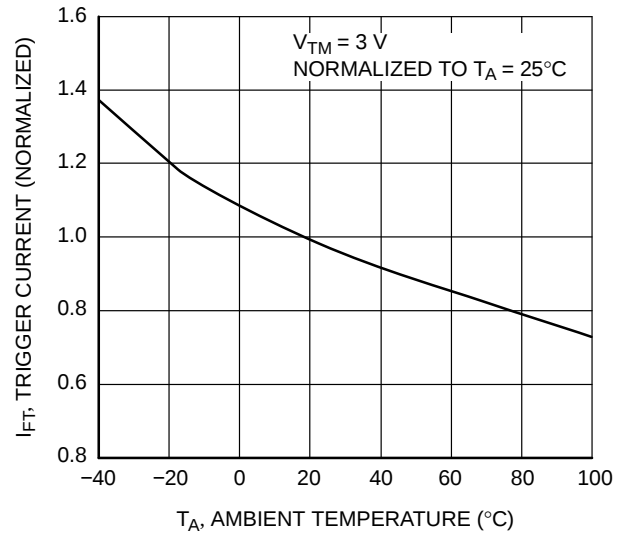


Figure 4. Trigger Current vs. Ambient Temperature

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

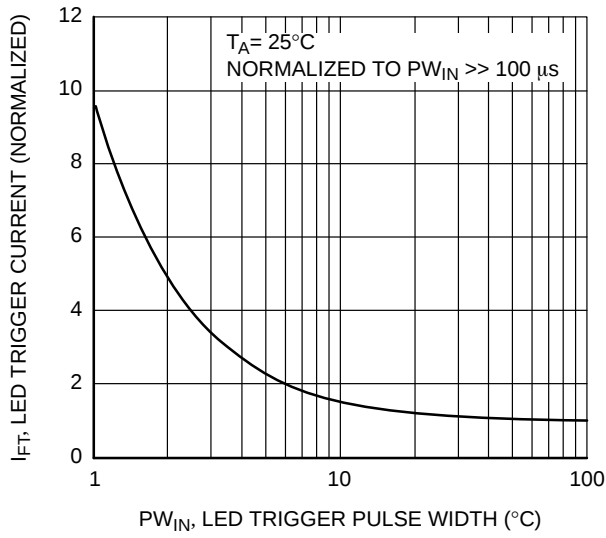


Figure 5. LED Current Required to Trigger vs. LED Pulse Width

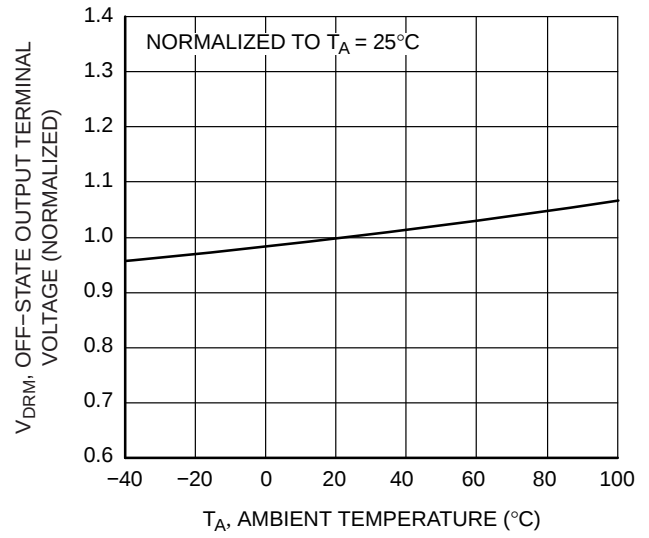


Figure 6. Off-State Output Terminal Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

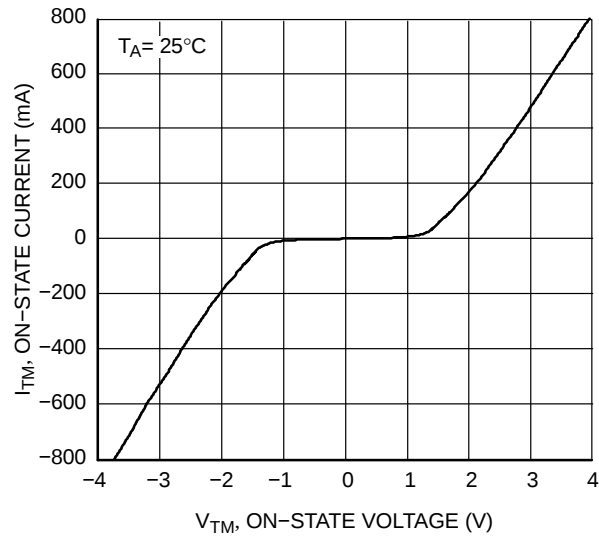


Figure 7. On-State Characteristics

FODM3063, FODM3083

TYPICAL APPLICATION INFORMATION

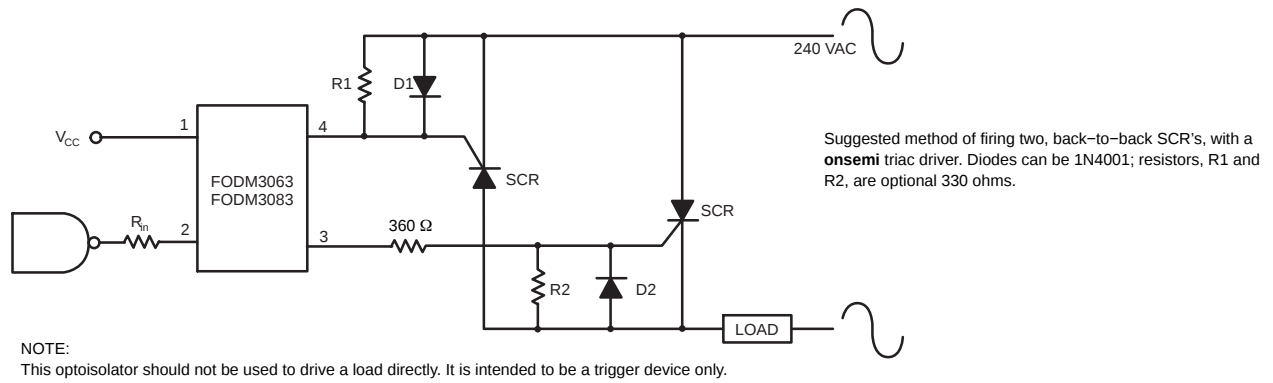


Figure 8. Inverse-Parallel SCR Driver Circuit (240 VAC)

DETERMINING THE POWER RATING OF THE SERIES RESISTORS USED IN A ZERO-CROSS OPTO-TRIAC DRIVER APPLICATION

The following will present the calculations for determining the power dissipation of the current limiting resistors found in an opto-TRIAC driver interface.

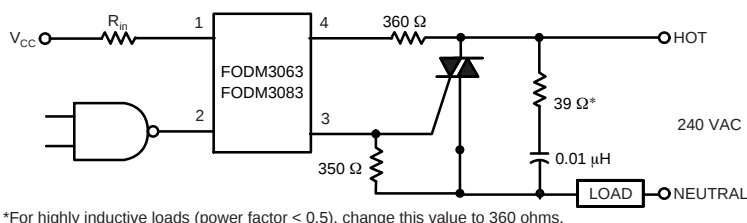
Figure 9 shows a typical circuit to drive a sensitive gate four quadrant power TRIAC. This figure provides typical resistor values for a zero line cross detecting opto-TRIAC when operated from a mains voltage of 20 V to 240 V. The wattage rating for each resistor is not given because their dissipation is dependent upon characteristics of the power TRIAC being driven.

Recall that the opto-TRIAC is used to trigger a four quadrant power TRIAC. Please note that these opto-TRIACs are not recommended for driving “snubberless” three quadrant power TRIACs.

Under normal operation, the opto-TRIAC will fire when the mains voltage is lower than the minimum inhibit trigger voltage, and the LED is driven at a current greater than the maximum LED trigger current. As an example for the FODM3063, the LED trigger current should be greater than 5 mA, and the mains voltage is less than 10 V peak. The inhibit voltage has a typical range of 10 V minimum and 20 V maximum. This means that if a sufficient LED current is flowing when the mains voltage is less than 10 V, the device will fire. If a trigger appears between 10 V and 20 V, the device may fire. If the trigger occurs after the mains voltage has reached 20 V_{peak}, the device will not fire.

The power dissipated from resistors placed in series with the opto-TRIAC and the gate of the power TRIAC is much smaller than one would expect. These current handling components only conduct current when the mains voltage is less than the maximum inhibit voltage. If the opto-TRIAC is triggered when the mains voltage is greater than the inhibit voltage, only the TRIAC leakage current will flow. The power dissipation in a 360 Ω resistor shown in Figure 9 is the product of the resistance (360 Ω) times the square of the current sum of main TRIAC's gate current plus the current flowing gate to the MT2 resistor connection (330 Ω). This power calculation is further modified by the duty factor of the duration for this current flow. The duty factor is the ratio of the turn-on time of the main TRIAC to the sine of the single cycle time. Assuming a main TRIAC turn-on time of 50 μs and a 60 Hz mains voltage, the duty cycle is approximately 0.6 %. The opto-TRIAC only conducts current while triggering the main TRIAC. Once the main TRIAC fires, its on-state voltage is typically lower than the on-state sustaining voltage of the opto-TRIAC. Thus, once the main TRIAC fires, the opto-TRIAC is often shunted off. This situation results in very low power dissipation for both the 360 Ω and 330 Ω resistors, when driving a traditional four quadrant power TRIAC.

If a three quadrant “snubberless” TRIAC is driven by the opto-TRIAC, the calculations are different. When the main power TRIAC is driving a high power factor (resistive) load, it shuts off during the fourth quadrant.



Typical circuit for use when hot line switching of 240 VAC is required. In this circuit the “hot” side of the line is switched and the load connected to the cold or neutral side. The load may be connected to either the neutral or hot line.

R_{in} is calculated so that I_F is equal to the rated I_{FT} of the part, 5 mA. The 39 Ω resistor and 0.01 mF capacitor are for snubbing of the triac and may or may not be necessary depending upon the particular triac and load used.

Figure 9. Hot-Line Switching Application Circuit

If sufficient holding current is still flowing through the opto-TRIAC, the opto-TRIAC will turn-on and attempt to carry the power TRIACs load. This situation typically causes the opto-TRIAC to operate beyond its maximum current rating, and product and resistor failures typically result. For this reason, using an opto-TRIAC to drive a three quadrant “snubberless” power TRIAC is not recommended.

Power in the 360 Ω resistor, when driving a sensitive gate 4 quadrant power TRIAC:

$$I_{GT} = 20 \text{ mA}$$

$$V_{GT} = 1.5 \text{ V}$$

$$DF = 0.6 \%$$

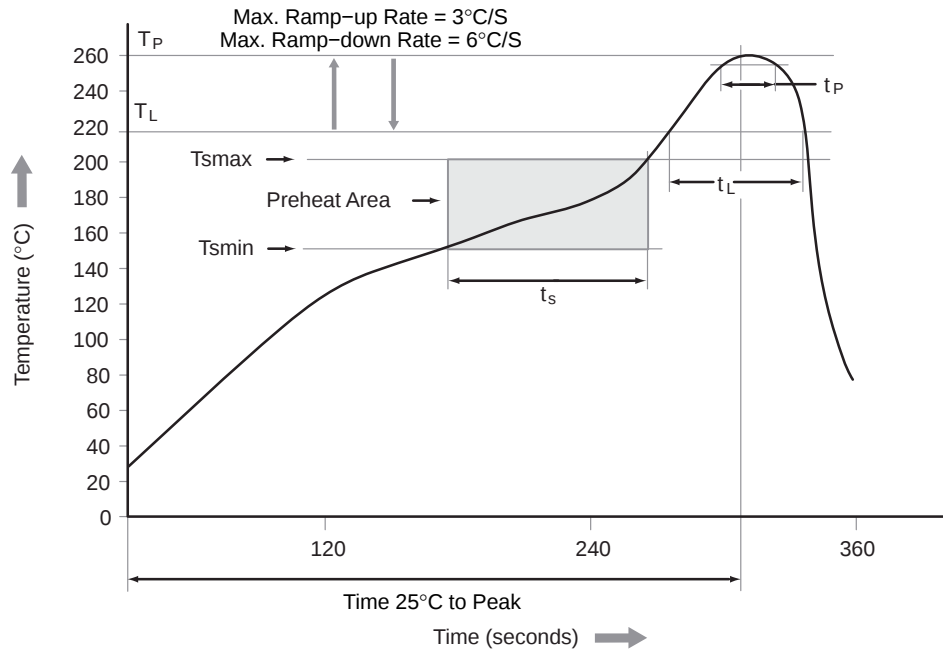
$$P = (I_{GT} + V_{GT} / 330 \Omega)^2 \times 360 \Omega \times DF$$

$$P = (20 \text{ mA} + 1.5 / 330 \Omega)^2 \times 360 \Omega \times 0.6 \% = 1.3 \text{ mW}$$

A 1/4 watt resistor is more than adequate for both the 360 Ω and 330 Ω resistors.

The real power in the snubber resistor is based upon the integral of the power transient present when the load commutes. A fast commuting transient may allow a peak current of 4 A to 8 A in the snubbing filter. For best results, the capacitor should be a non-polarized AC unit with a low ESR. The 39 Ω series resistor sets a time constant and limits the peak current. For a resistive load with a power factor near unity, the commuting transients will be small. This results in a very small peak current given the 0.01 μF capacitor's reactance. Normally, for fractional horse-power reactive loads, the resistor found in the snubber circuit will have a power rating from 1/2 W to 2 W. The resistor should be a low inductance type to adequately filter the high frequency transients.

REFLOW PROFILE



Profile Feature	Pb-Free Assembly Profile
Temperature Min. (Tmin)	150°C
Temperature Max. (Tmax)	200°C
Time (ts) from (Tmin to Tmax)	60 – 120 seconds
Ramp-up Rate (tL to tp)	3°C/second max.
Liquidous Temperature (TL)	217°C
Time (tL) Maintained Above (TL)	60–150 seconds
Peak Body Package Temperature	260°C +0°C / -5°C
Time (tp) within 5°C of 260°C	30 seconds
Ramp-down Rate (TP to TL)	6°C/second max.
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature	8 minutes max.

Figure 10. Reflow Profile

FODM3063, FODM3083

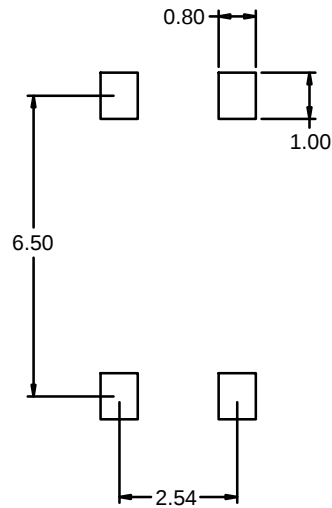
ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Package	Shipping [†]
FODM3063	Full Pitch Mini-Flat 4-Pin	100 Units / Tube
FODM3063R2	Full Pitch Mini-Flat 4-Pin	2500 Units / Tape & Reel
FODM3063V	Full Pitch Mini-Flat 4-Pin, DIN EN/IEC60747-5-5 Option	100 Units / Tube
FODM3063R2V	Full Pitch Mini-Flat 4-Pin, DIN EN/IEC60747-5-5 Option	2500 Units / Tape & Reel

[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

NOTE: The product orderable part number system listed in this table also applies to the FODM3083 products.

FOOTPRINT DRAWING FOR PCB LAYOUT

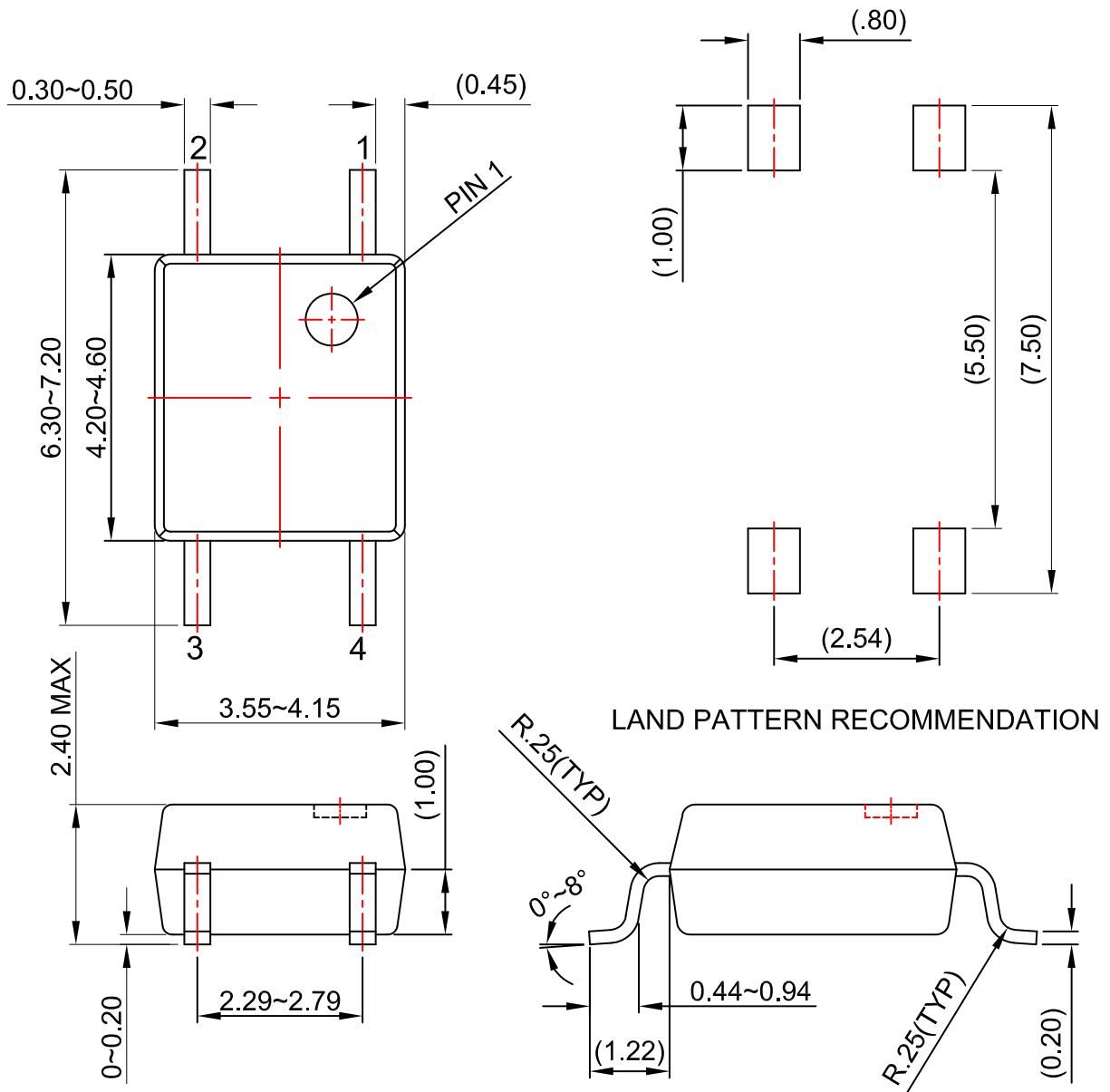


NOTE: All dimensions are in mm.

Figure 11. Footprint Drawing for PCB Layout

MFP4 3.85X4.4, 2.54P
CASE 100AP
ISSUE O

DATE 31 AUG 2016



NOTES:

- A) NO STANDARD APPLIES TO THIS PACKAGE.
- B) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- C) DIMENSIONS ARE EXCLUSIVE OF BURRS, MOLD FLASH, AND TIE BAR EXTRUSION

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